Recovery needs go beyond post disaster assessments.

DRFs guide governments in defining, planning, and implementing medium and longer term recovery efforts.
What Do DRFs do?

- Complement post disaster assessments
- Lay out roles and responsibilities of recovery stakeholders
- Provide a program-level, multi-sector recovery action plan
- Function as a baseline document to monitor progress and evaluate impacts
What is the DRF Guide?

A collaborative tool to assist governments and partners in prioritizing, sequencing and planning post-disaster recovery.
How is the DRF Guide Structured?

- **Topic 1:** Conducting Post-disaster Damage and Needs Assessment
- **Topic 2:** Policy and Strategy-Setting for Recovery
- **Topic 3:** Institutional Framework for Recovery
- **Topic 4:** Financing for Recovery
- **Topic 5:** Implementation Arrangements and Recovery Management
- **Topic 6:** Strengthening Recovery Systems in National and Local Governance
DRF PROCESS FLOW CHART

UP TO 3 MONTHS

1. Define a central vision for recovery
   PAGE 11
2. Define guiding principles; identify primary sectors for recovery
   PAGE 12

3-6 MONTHS

3. Develop criteria for intersectoral prioritization and resource allocation
   PAGE 17
4. Develop sector level recovery strategy
   PAGE 18
5. Translate sector strategies into projects
   PAGE 19

6+ MONTHS

INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

- Assess government capacity to manage recovery
  PAGE 26
- Set up appropriate institutional arrangements; strengthen line ministries
  PAGE 27
- Establish coordination mechanisms for non-governmental entities
  PAGE 34

- Strengthen the capacity of lead agency and implementation entities
  PAGE 32
- Ensure smooth transition from relief to recovery
  PAGE 25

POLICY & STRATEGY SETTING
The flowchart highlights the series of actions that take place following a natural disaster event from humanitarian response to disaster recovery. It also shows the core processes and results that need to be part of resilient recovery. It is not comprehensive, but rather intended as a map of the essential information. The order in which these recovery planning and implementation functions take place may be tailored to the country and the disaster context.
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015
Post Disaster Recovery Framework
2016 – 2020

GOVERNMENT OF NEPAL
NATIONAL RECONSTRUCTION AUTHORITY
KATHMANDU MAY 2016
Stages of Developing Nepal DRF

1. Preparation Stage
   - Key Objective: Develop Recovery Vision and Strategic Sector Priorities
   - Identify key sectors for RF

2. Prioritization Stage
   - Key Objective: Prioritize programmatic activities across all sectors

3. Validation Stage
   - Key Objective: Validate the prioritized programmatic activities through stakeholder consultations

Report Finalization
Preparation Stage

Consultations:

• Led by NRA

• Civil society, line ministries, donors, private sector) led by the NRA.

The purpose of consultations is to identify

1) Key strategic objectives for the recovery and reconstruction

2) Priority sectors for inclusion in the recovery framework

3) Cross cutting sectors

Situational Analysis

Sector teams start taking stock of all the progress made to-date on Policy Formulation, Institutional Arrangements, Funding Mobilization and Financing Mechanisms, Implementation and Monitoring Arrangements.

Progress to date is kept in view while developing prioritization matrix for stage 2.
Prioritization Stage

**Recovery Vision**

Well-planned, Resilient Settlements and a Prosperous Society

**Strategic Objectives for the Reconstruction Programme**

1. **Safe Structures**
   - Restore and improve disaster resilient housing, government buildings and cultural heritage, in rural areas and cities.

2. **Social Cohesion**
   - Strengthen the capacity of people and communities to reduce their risk and vulnerability and to enhance social cohesion.

3. **Access to Services**
   - Restore and improve access to services and improve environmental resilience.

4. **Livelihood Support**
   - Develop and restore economic opportunities and livelihoods and re-establish productive sectors.

5. **Capacity Building**
   - Strengthen capacity and effectiveness of the state to respond to the people’s needs and to effectively recover from future disasters.
Prioritization Stage – Scope

**Temporal Scope**
The RF looked at the programmatic recovery and reconstruction needs within a period of five years.

**Sectoral Scope**
All PDNA sectors (some combined)
Cross cutting sectors
Validation Stage

Priorities for Government Reconstruction Financing

Collaboration between Citizens, Government and International Partners to Rebuild Nepal

Housing Recovery is a top priority given its social and economic benefits to the affected population.

The National Reconstruction Fund (NRF) is complemented by the Multi-Donor Trust Fund to support restoration of Heritage Sites and Housing.